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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

-Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A PART IN

SEC FILE NUMBÉR

FACING PAGE

	ange Act of 1934 and Rule		
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/200Z MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/2002 MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	rion	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: SCA	evelopment, Inc	•	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box N	√o.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
One HEALTH SOUT			
	(No. and Street)		
Birmingham	AL	35	5243
(((1))	(State)	(Z	ip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REG		ort 970-5599
		(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT		s Report*	
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, r	niddle name)	
5 TIMES SQUARE	NEWYORK	NY	10036
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			PROCESSED
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any of its possessio	ns.	MAR 1 3 2003
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	<u> </u>	THOMSON
			FINANCIAL

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

[,	Beall D. Gary, JR.	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my k	nowledge and belief the accompanying financial stateme SCA DEVELOPMENT, INC.	nt and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of		, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
		icer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
	ified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O
		1111
- T		July Jung
		Signature
. /		PRESIDENT, SCA Development, I
£	ehruary 26, 2003	Title
4	2 1 (D. 11)	
201	buile Datter for	LADON
	Notary Public NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF ALABAMA AT MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: Aug 12	, 2003
This r	SONDED THRU NOTARY PUBLIC UNDERW report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	RITERS
□ (2	a) Facing Page.	
_	Statement of Financial Condition.	
	Statement of Income (Loss).	
	 d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Part 	pers' or Sole Proprietors' Capital
	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to C	
☑ (g	g) Computation of Net Capital.	
	n) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement	
) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Red	purements Under Rule 15c3-3. f the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
<u> </u>	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requir	
□ (k		statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	consolidation.	·
) An Oath or Affirmation.	
	n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	aviet on found to have evieted sings the date of the previous audit
	Topos Cort Albitor's Supply	exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. THE PROPERT ON JUTE PUAL CONTROL
**For	conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions	of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3). STRUCTURE

SCA DEVELOPMENT, INC.
(a wholly-owned subsidiary of HEALTHSOUTH Corporation)
Financial Statements and Supplementary Information
Years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001
with Report of Independent Auditors

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

Contents

Re	port of Independent Auditors	1
Αι	idited Financial Statements	
Sta	atements of Financial Condition	2
Sta	atements of Income	3
	atements of Stockholder's Equity	
	atements of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors	
	atements of Cash Flows	
No	otes to Financial Statements	7
	pplementary Information Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Under Rule	
	15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	10
Π.	Statement Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4)	11
Re	port on Internal Controls Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption From SEC Rule 15c3-3	12



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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Directors and Stockholder SCA Development, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of SCA Development, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of HEALTHSOUTH Corporation) as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors and cash flows for the years then ended, that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SCA Development, Inc. at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the 2002 basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the 2002 basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2002 basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

February 14, 2003

Statements of Financial Condition

	December 31			
		2002		2001
Assets				
Cash	\$	832,619	\$	559,881
Receivable from related party		_		95,635
Prepaid expenses		27,979		28,821
Total assets	\$	860,598	\$	684,337
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	42,918	\$	19,215
Taxes payable to related party		38,702		203,329
Payable to related party		257,908		<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u></u>	339,528		222,544
Stockholder's equity				
Common stock, par value \$.01; 1,000 shares				
authorized, issued and outstanding		10		10
Additional contributed capital in excess of par value of				
common stock		39,990		39,990
Retained earnings		481,070		421,793
Total stockholder's equity		521,070	· <u></u> -	461,793
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	860,598	\$	684,337

Statements of Income

	Year ended D			December 31 2001		
Revenues	\$	677,920	\$	1,110,987		
Expenses:						
Salaries, wages and benefits		349,779		444,037		
Professional fees		121,478		73,605		
Membership and filing fees		75,653		60,954		
Other expenses		33,031		11,034		
Total expenses		579,941		589,630		
Income before income taxes		97,979		521,357		
Income tax expense		38,702		203,329		
Net income	\$	59,277	\$	318,028		

Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

Years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

		Additional		Total
	Common	Contributed	Retained	Stockholder's
_	Stock	Capital	Earnings	Equity
Balance at December 31, 2000	\$ 10	\$ 39,990	\$ 103,765	\$ 143,765
Net income	_	· <u>-</u>	318,028	318,028
Balance at December 31, 2001	10	39,990	421,793	461,793
Net income	-	_	59,277	59,277
Balance at December 31, 2002	\$ 10	\$ 39,990	\$ 481,070	\$ 521,070

Statements of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

Years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001

Balance, December 31, 2002	
Activity	
Balance, December 31, 2001	_
Activity	 _
Balance, December 31, 2000	\$ _

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year ended December 31		
		2002	2001
Operating activities			
Net income	\$	59,277 \$	318,028
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		,	,
Decrease in taxes receivable from			
related parties			19,435
Decrease (increase) in receivables from			
related parties		95,635	(17,053)
Decrease in prepaid expenses		842	1,324
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		23,703	(10,865)
(Decrease) increase in tax payables to related		,	,
parties		(164,627)	203,329
Increase in payables to related parties		257,908	, _
Net cash provided by operating activities		272,738	514,198
Cash, beginning of year		559,881	45,683_
Cash, end of year	\$	832,619 \$	559,881

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2002 and 2001

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company

SCA Development, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the laws of Tennessee in June 1993 to sell direct participation programs, primarily limited partnership interests in outpatient health care facilities, to practicing physicians. The Company currently operates throughout the United States. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of HEALTHSOUTH Corporation (HRC) and is included in HRC's consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

Certain amounts in prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

Use of Estimates in Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenues

Revenues from the sale of limited partnership units sold by the Company are recognized when the sales proceeds are received, generally at the transaction closing date.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002 and 2001

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Salaries, Wages and Benefits

The Company does not have any full-time employees. Salaries, wages and benefits are based on the actual number of hours spent working on Company business by HRC employees.

Income Taxes

The Company's income taxes are filed in a consolidated federal tax return by HRC. Any federal income tax liability or benefit is apportioned to the Company based upon its taxable income or loss. Any tax benefit resulting from net operating losses is used by HRC to reduce the corporate tax liability.

Cash Flow Reporting

For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all certificates of deposits and highly liquid marketable securities with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Net Capital Requirements

The Company, as a registered broker and dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Requirements under Rule 15c3-1, which requires maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Aggregate indebtedness at December 31, 2002 was 69% of net capital. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$493,091, which was \$470,138 in excess of required net capital.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2002 and 2001

3. Transaction with Related Parties

Due to the nature of the Company's business, all of its transactions are with related parties. These related parties consist of the various HRC surgery centers which buy and sell limited partnership interests during the year. All revenues are derived from transactions with related parties. HRC pays all of the Company's expenses and is reimbursed for the expenses by the Company.

4. Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method required by Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes.

The Company has recorded taxes payable to a related party in the amount of \$38,702 relating to the current year's taxable income. The tax expense relating to the Company's taxable income will be paid by HRC in the 2002 consolidated tax return.

Schedule I

Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

	December 31 2002	
Computation of net capital		
Total stockholder's equity	\$	521,070
Non allowable assets:		
Prepaid expenses		27,979
Net capital	\$	493,091
Computation of basis net capital requirements Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$	22,635
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$	5,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above amounts)	\$	22,635
Excess net capital	\$	470,456
Excess net capital at 1,000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$	459,138
Computation of aggregate indebtedness		
Total aggregate indebtedness from statement of financial condition	\$	339,528
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		69%

Schedule II

Statement Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4)

December 31, 2002

There were no material differences between the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 included in this audited report and the computation included in the respondent's corresponding unaudited amended Form X-17a-5 Part II filing as of December 31, 2002.



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Report on Internal Controls Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption From SEC Rule 15c3-3

Board of Directors and Stockholder SCA Development, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of SCA Development, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal controls and of the practices and

procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ernet + Young LLP